The Wilmington Post.

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WILMINGTON POST

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THE CONVENTION OF THE REPUBLICANS OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, WILL MEET IN THE CITY OF RALEIGH, ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF JULY, 1880, FOR THE PURPOSE OF NOMINATING TWO ELECTORS AT-LARGE, AND STATE OFFICERS.

BY ORDER OF STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Late General News.

The Chicago *Tribune* says that the North Carolina delegation have quarters at the Sherman house. Proprietors of hotels refuse to rent to outsiders rooms for the time of the convention till the 1st of May. No increase of rates.

Lord Beaconsfield has caused Parliament to be dissolved, and is going to the country on the questions of the foreign policy. Mr. Gladstone is one of the leaders of the liberals, including the home rule, and the amelioration of the condition of Ireland. Both parties are sanguine of success.

The Conservatives and Readjusters of Virginia, have had a consultation, but with no results.

Parnell has gone back to Ireland to look after his re-election to Parliament, which is understood to be critical.

Bismark, Nebraska, is frozen in and no trains.

Among the receipts at the Mansion Relief Committee in Dublin for the relief of the distressed Irish is recorded £190 from this city.

The old Pilots from Boston, New York and Philadelphia are before the committee in Washington making strenuous opposition to the bill turning over the whole pilot business to the United States

The new bill reported in the House for the regulation of Marshals fixes the *per diem* at $1.50, limits them to one at a precinct, and to three days service, and that no Marshal shall be arrested on the day of election by state authority.

Senator McDonald received rough handling from Senators Conkling and Logan, upon his attempt to impeach the characters of Generals Pope and McDowell. They demolished him.

Tilden is said to be making an alliance with ex-Gov. Bishop of Ohio, and it is believed that the latter wont object to taking the second place on the ticket with old Gramercy.

Lesseps has gone to San Francisco.

The steamer Rotterdam arrived in New York on Wednesday, 18 days out from Rotterdam, having experienced very severe weather on the way.

Senator Vest's bill in relation to the Indian Territory, which is nothing more than an attempt to steal land deeded in fee simple to the Indians by the United States in 1832, and which they now hold in fee simple, is getting hard knocks on all sides.

The better class of citizens in San Francisco have formed a Citizen's Protective Union, understood to be equivalent to the vigilance committee of a few years ago. Their organization is said to be perfect and they declare "that the time has come when the manhood of San Francisco should be asserted, and it is intended that the line shall now be distinctly drawn between those who are in favor of law and order, the rights of property, the safety and liberty of citizens and peaceful prosperity and those who are for riot, assassination and pillage, anarchy, unrest and destruction." This evidently means business. It is said that if a riot breaks out the vengeance will be terrible. In the meantime Mayor Kalloch issues a proclamation, stating that there is no cause of apprehension that the working class will violate the peace, and if they are attacked they will wait their constitutional day of judgment to peaceably but effectively consign their authors to political infamy and oblivion, which they most richly deserve." The newspapers generally call for peace, but Kearney defies the "Union."

Mr. Geo. T. Ruby, colored, of Louisiana, was before the exodus committee on the 11th, and gave some very pointed testimony. He stated that there were in Louisiana, Texas, Mississippi, Alabama and Arkansas, 92,800 men organized, looking to emigration, that there was no politics in it, but that it was caused by the denial of their political rights, which was enough "to incite them to go anywhere out of the hell in which they lived." He said there was not much feeling of this kind in the sugar regions but that the exodus would be large from the cotton regions in the spring, he believed.

ONE HUNDRED AND FOUR TO FIFTY-SIX.

There are to be 754 votes in the Chicago convention.

A prominent Republican who is a warm admirer of Secretary Sherman, yesterday expressed himself very freely with reference to the outlook for Secretary Sherman to obtain the nomination for the Presidency.

This interview we find in the *Tribune* and we publish, as giving what a well posted Sherman man in Chicago says of Sherman's prospects:

"Secretary Sherman's prospects improve daily," he said, "The friends of General Grant have all along declared that he would get nearly the united vote of the south. They know that is not the case. Seven of the ten delegates already elected in North Carolina are for Secretary Sherman, and our advices are that at least fifteen of the entire delegation of twenty will be for Sherman. Postmaster General Key is certain that the entire delegation from Kentucky and Tennessee will be for Sherman. Both Virginia and West Virginia are known to be solid for him and there is a strong probability that South Carolina and Alabama will also send united Sherman delegations. Texas will be divided against Sherman and Grant, and Louisiana may be, although we hope to carry the entire delegation for Sherman. There will be a hard fight in that state. The withdrawal of the nomination of Pinchback will make the contest more intense."

"What strength do you credit Secretary Sherman with in the several States?" he was asked.

"I give him the following votes, and from all the information I can gather he will receive more rather than a less number of votes in the convention: Massachusetts, 20 votes; Connecticut, 10; New Jersey, 8; Ohio, 48; Indiana, 10; Michigan, 15; Illinois, 15; Wisconsin, 10; Minnesota, 8; the various states of the south, 170. Total, 314 votes."

"This leaves General Grant in a decided minority if you concede that Senator Blaine has much strength."

"Of course. The fight is practically between Blaine and Sherman. Blaine will receive most of his support from the east and west."

"What votes do you give General Grant?"

"He has already the votes of New York and Pennsylvania, 70 and 56 respectively. He will receive a few more but I do not believe he will. I have given him a liberal estimate. The fact is that the "Grant boom" has already begun to die away. The peculiar efforts made to secure the delegations from New York and Pennsylvania, although successful, were almost equivalent to defeat, and have done much to break down the movement for Grant. They furnished evidence that there is not the strong and overwhelming feeling for Grant that many supposed. The fact is that the fight, as I have already said, is narrowing itself down to Sherman and Blaine. Of course it is understood if General Grant is not nominated on the first ballot he cannot receive the nomination."

"What about Washburne?"

"He is probably the second choice of Grant's friends. But I hardly think he will be seriously placed in the race.—His letter declaring that Grant is his choice 'first, last and all the time,' has virtually killed whatever chance he may have had."

HOW IT WAS.

Somebody has sent us the Greensboro *Banner*, with which we do not exchange. It seems that the serenity of the Secretary of the National Committee was not quite so much disturbed as it was at Raleigh on the 29th of January. Read of the blessed civil service:

The Republican Executive Committee of the Fifth Congressional District convened in Greensboro on Wednesday last. J. B. Gretter, Esq., called the meeting to order. The roll being called it was found that every county in the District was represented. The committee then elected the following gentlemen to represent this district in the National Convention to be held at Chicago, June 23, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, viz: Thos. B. Keogh, of Guilford county, and J. W. Harden, of Alamance, as delegates; Joseph Hoskins, of Guilford, and H. S. Keith, of Davidson, as alternates.

"The above appeared in *The State* of last week, and is right as far as it goes, but does not give the reader a full insight into the meeting. Five of the nine delegates were office-holders and one was under indictment for violations of revenue law. A resolution was offered instructing the delegates to go for Gen. Grant; but, it was rescinded. Col. Keogh is even now with the Ex. Committee.

THE RAILROAD "SELL."

To-morrow at noon the session of the General Assembly, called by Gov. Jarvis, with advice and consent of Council, to deliberate upon the propositions presented by Mr. Best for the purchase of the Western N. C. Railroad, will meet in the Capitol.

Nearly all the newspapers of the state have had something to say on the subject, and several gentlemen of eminence have put out letters or written opinions discussing the all features of what promises to be a protracted controversy. The two most elaborate of these disquisitions prepared by legal gentlemen were that by Mr. Dortch of Goldsboro, printed in these columns, and that by Col. Duncan K. McRae of this city, printed by one of our cotemporaries. Both of these documents opposed the sale of this great public work owned by the state, with the most conclusive reasoning.

We may expect that the General Assembly will not be in unseemly haste in coming to a vote on the question, but that all features of the proposed will be carefully scrutinized, both in committee and in the body itself. This is due to their constituents if not to their own self respect. It would not be to the credit of our law makers if they were to huddle together, and dispose of the subject as they would of a "hasty plate of soup." If the whole thing is a game, a set up thing, a trick of these financiers, as is said of them, then it would not do to be in haste. The fact is that suspicion has been aroused already by the extraordinary haste in which it has been hurried up, as well as in consequence of the high sounding promises and the philanthropic protestations of Best & Co.

We hope the representatives of the people, as soon as the gavel comes down, will call a halt. If they were to cry out to the sleek and oily Best as he approaches with his blandishments, "Halt! who goes there!" and Best answers, "a friend without the countersign," then let them say, "Advance, friend, without the countersign," and give him a thorough overhauling.

OUT AGAIN.

The Raleigh correspondent of the *Times* has appeared again, discoursing upon the iniquities of the Sherman men with all that sublime indifference to facts which he exhibited on the 29th of January last, in regard to the doings of the state committee. He has discovered terrific "indignation" all the way from Currituck to Cherokee, machinations of those evil beings known as supporters of Sherman without number, and a catalogue of horrors with no end. After an amount of letter writing which has weighed down the Raleigh mails, outward bound, but getting only feeble response, the vacancy of facts has been supplied by brilliant imaginings and printed in the gullible columns of the *Times*, to be reproduced bodily into the *Signal* at Raleigh and the *North State* at Greensboro, and most of the Bourbon newspapers, to say nothing of that new organ controlled by the infatuated Third Termers, and called by the ominous name of "*People's Voice*," which sprung spontaneously and miraculously into that same sort of evanescent existence, as the "indignations" of the Raleigh correspondent.

Those sore heads who complained that the state committee appointed the delegates at large, instead of calling a State convention, are now trying to alleviate their miseries by the same kind of medicine. So in the 4th and 5th Districts the committees did precisely what they complained of the state committee for doing. They adopted the "like cures like" style of medical practice.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 5, 1880.

EDITOR OF THE POST:

The correspondent of the N. Y. *Times*, writing from Raleigh under date of March 3d, forgot to inform the public as fully about the Republican Executive District Committee, that met here on that day, to appoint delegates to Chicago, as he did of the State Executive Committee, that met on the 23th of January last. Col. Young, Collector of Internal Revenue for this District, was appointed one of the Chicago delegates, who is an out and out Grant man, and Mr. Steward Ellison, one of the most respectable and influential colored citizens of this place, was also appointed as the other delegate. He is not for Grant. A large body of the representation who met to appoint these delegates were officers of the Internal Revenue.

A correspondent of the Statesville *American* understands it and thus hits the nail squarely on the head:

"One more step will bring us to the real cause of Harris, Keogh & Co.'s anger and chagrin. The Committee had the manhood not to elect a henchman of Keogh Chairman, and honor enough to leave Mr. Keogh at home when they made up the delegation for Chicago; "hence these tears."

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. 1y

No interments in Bellevue Cemetery this week.

"Blind Jim" died in Raleigh a few days ago.

The shipment of pine straw from this city has been re-commenced.

Only one interment, that of an adult, in Oakdale Cemetery this week.

There will be no services in the Second Presbyterian Church to-night.

There are 57½ miles of telephone and telegraph wire strung through this city.

The market has been well supplied with fish and oysters during the past week.

Mr. B. D. DeForrest has left for his new field of labor. His head quarters now are in Augusta, Ga.

Several pieces of city property were sold during the week for back taxes. They were bid in by the city.

Mrs. Jarley's wax figures are in preparation and will be presented to the community on Easter Tuesday.

It is proposed to present the venerable Bishop of this Episcopal diocese with a memorial gift during this the twenty sixth year of his episcopate.

There will be no public demonstration in this city by the Hibernian Association on St. Patrick's day, which falls this year on Wednesday, the 17th inst.

Grape shot have been dug up from the bed of the street car track during the week. They were brought here in the ballast which was put on the road bed.

Mr. E. W. Taylor, of Easy Hill, Brunswick county, near this city, shipped green peas to the north yesterday. The shipment is at least one month earlier than has ever been known before.

Dr. E. Porter, of Rocky Point, has purchased the engine of the old Clarendon Iron Works, and will erect a Clement Attachment to his cotton gin at his farm. Good. Let others follow the Doctor's example in erecting a Clement Attachment.

BROUGHT TO GRIEF.—George Hill, colored, who has been stealing around promiscuously for some time past, was captured on Monday while in the act of selling some of his stolen plunder. He is the one who stole Messrs. Kerchner & Calder Bros. cotton, Messrs. E. Kidder & Sons tarpaulin, and Mr. Morris Bear's beeswax.

The April number of the North American Review will contain an article by George Ticknor Curtis, entitled "McClellan's Last Service to the Republic." It will cover the whole period of Gen. McClellan's military career, from the flank movement to the James, to the defeat of Lee at Antietam. It will be followed by a second part in the May issue, giving the full history of McClellan's removal from command. These articles will be replete with facts hitherto unknown to the public.

Hon. J. H. Brooks, Representative from Brunswick county in the Legislature, passed through the city on Friday last, to attend the extra session of the General Assembly at Raleigh. We were glad to see Mr. Brooks in such splendid health. The Railroad Ring may have trouble with such honest Representatives as he, before defrauding the state of its rights.

We have been informed by friends that Mr. Brooks has finally consented to become the Republican candidate again for the Legislature; the mere fact of him accepting the nomination is equal to an election, therefore we congratulate the Republicans on their success in this matter.

DR. WILSON'S LECTURE.—A fair audience in numbers and a superior one in quality welcomed Dr. Wilson on Monday night at the Opera House. The subject of the address was "Success," which he qualified, described, analyzed, giving his own ideas what success consisted of. The mere accomplishment of a purpose, such as the accumulation of wealth, learning or notoriety could not be accounted as true success. Success consisted in the highest development of that human animal, called man. There was much of learning and rich illustration thrown around the subject, in a manner so scholarly and polished, that the audience was held to the close, and one could not help a feeling of pride and gratification that such intellectual feasting could be gathered from the resources which are among us.

The Stedman Fire Co. No. 1, have a gong attached to their truck.

Mr. W. D. Mann has eaten new Irish potatoes grown in his garden in this city this season.

There are two prisoners confined in the county jail charged with capital crimes. One for arson the other for burglary.

The Register of Deeds has issued but two marriage licenses this week, one to a white and one to a colored couple.

The first cargo of cotton ever shipped from Wilmington to a Russian port, was carried out yesterday by the Danish barque Elene.

The Ebenezer Baptist Church has been furnished with a good organ of the sterling manufacture. It is a 5 octavo and 7 stop instrument.

The new steamer John Dawson owned and built by Captain R. P. Paddison and David Sherman, has been completed and made a trip on Friday,

A new society of the social and benevolent order, was organized in this city a few evenings ago, and will be known as the Odds and Ends Association.

Tucker Townsend, a young colored boy, was caught stealing iron from the yard of Messrs. Kerchner & Calder Bros., on Friday. He was carried to the police station.

The trotting race which was to have taken place on the track at the Fair Grounds on last Friday, did not take place. The bets were withdrawn and the race declared off.

Mr. H. Samson who is well known in this city and who was at one time connected with the dry goods business now run by his brother Mr. J. Samson, died in New York on Thursday.

Shoe Heel has contributed through the Rev. Roger Martin $64 73 to the Irish Relief Fund. The money was sent to Mr. Alexander Sprunt, of this city, to be forwarded to the proper authorities.

The Mount Olive A. M. E. church which was destroyed by fire a short time ago, is being rebuilt. The corner stone will be laid on Thursday next under the auspices of the Grand United Order of Odd Fellows.

The new market was formally opened Friday evening and many ladies attended. The building presented a very handsome appearance and the display of beef, pork, lamb, etc., was very fine.

James Varman, a boy of about 16 years of age, while picking up roots on the farm of Mr. Columbus Swain, of Brunswick county, was bitten by a black spider. He died in about 24 hours. His suffering were intense.

The building committee of St. Luke's Methodist Church, corner of 7th and Church streets, have again commenced work on the inside of the above Church, and will give another one of their grand festivals, during the present month, to aid them in completing the church.

Phillis Moore, a crazy colored woman who is given to disturbing wedding ceremonies, was arrested on Wednesday night while indulging in her favorite amusement, at the St. Stephens Church. As usual she was fantastically adorned for the occasion.

FIRE AT LAURINBURG.—The town of Laurinburg has been visited by another conflagration. At the time, the rain was falling, and had it not been possibly the entire business portion of the town would have been consumed. As it was the damage was light.

HIGHWAY ROBERY—HOUSEBREAKING.—A plan was made by several housebreakers, to make a raid on the Cape Fear Tobacco Works, and in order to make the "job" a sure one, the thieves tried to get two men who were employed in the factory to assist them, by leaving a window in the rear of the building unlocked. The men thus approached, notified Mr. W. L Meadows, one of the owners of the factory, who in turn notified the City Detective. It was arranged that the men who were asked to assist the thieves were to act as decoys and carry them to the factory on Thursday night The trap was set and the thieves, J. Green alias Jno. Merrich and E. Walker alias E. Ranson alia Charles Davis, walked straight into it. The building being surrounded by officers, the thieves of many aliases were caught in the building. Since their arrest it has been ascertained that they are old acquaintances in police circles, and that charges, including highway robbery, have been brought against them.

A friend from Bladen county called in on yesterday and says that the excitement and indignation in the country over the timber combination in this city, is very great among the people, and unless there is a change very soon Wilmington is about to suffer very seriously. We again appeal to the merchants of Wilmington to see that justice is done their country patrons who follow the timber business.

DUPLIN CANAL COMPANY.—The stockholders of the Duplin Canal Company met at Magnolia on Wednesday and perfected their organization.

The meeting proceeded to an election of officers for the ensuing year, with the following result: President, Mr. B. G. Worth, of New Hanover; Treasurer, Mr. J. H. Boatwright, of New Hanover; Secretary, Collector and Paymaster, Mr. David Farrier, of Duplin; Superintendent, Maj. W. L. Young, of New Hanover, and a Board of Directors consisting of Messrs. B. G. Worth, W. Calder and R. H. McKoy, of New Hanover; W. T. Bannerman, of Pender; W. L. Miller and S. H. Trimble, of Duplin.

AN ACTIVE PUBLISHING HOUSE.—Messrs. T. B. Peterson & Brothers, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, have just published the following new books: "The Little Countess," by Octave Feuillet. "Nana," and "L'Assommior," by Emile Zola. "The American 'L'Assummoir,' a Parody on 'Zola's L'Assommoir.'" "How She Won Him; or the Bride of Charming Valley." "Major Jone's Courtship," with 21 illustrations. "Angele's Fortune," by Andre Theuriet. "Dosia," by Henry Greville, and "Hyde Park Sketches," all in uniform style with their editions of "Henry Greville's" popular works. These books are very entertaining and are meeting with the great success they so richly deserve. Booksellers are requested to send in their orders, and all Book Buyers should send for Petersons' full Catalogue. Address all letters to T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Sorgo Hand Book, a treatise on Sorgo and Imphee Canes, and the Minnesota Early Amber Sugar Cane. The edition for 1880 is now ready, and will be sent free on application. We can furnish pure cane seed of the best variety. Blymer Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati, O. Manufactures of Cook Sugar Evaporator, Victor Cane Mill, Steam Engines, &c. feb 29 2t

ALL ABOUT YELLOW TOBACCO.—W. A. Davis, editor of the Oxford, (N. C.) *Torchlight*, has just published a hand some little book containing the experience of fifty of the most successful yellow tobacco farmers in Granville county, N. C. If you want to learn all about tobacco from the plant bed to the sales room floor, you should enclose 25 cents in postage stamps to W. A. Davis, Publisher, Oxford, N. C., and receive his book, post-paid. The tobacco grown in his county (Granville) has a greater reputation than that of any other county in the United States. feb 29 3t

"They cure!" What cure? Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for a Cough, Ayer's Pills for purgative purposes, and Ayer's Sarsaparilla for complaints that require an alterative medicine.

List of Appointments by Bishop Atkinson, for his Coming Visitation.

Wilmington, Sunday before Easter, March 21
St. Mark's church, morning.
St. John's church, evening.
Rockfish, Good Friday, March 26.
St. Joseph's, Fayetteville, Easter Eve, March 27.
St. John's, Fayetteville, Easter Day, March 28
Tarboro, First Sunday after Easter, April 4
Marlboro, Tuesday, April 6.
Snow Hill, Wednesday, April 7.
St. John's, Pitt county, Friday, April 9.
Greenville, Second Sunday after Earter, April 11
Trinity, Beaufort county, Tuesday, April 13
St. John's, Durham's Creek, Wednesday, Adril 14
Aurora, Friday, April 16.
Washington, Third Sunday after Easter, April 18.
Zion, Beaufort county, Monday, April 19
Bath, Tuesday, April 20.
St. James' church, Beaufort county, Wednesday, April 21
Makelyville, Hyde county, Friday, April 23
Swan Quarter, Saturday, April 24.
St. George, Hyde county, Fourth Sunday after Easter, April 25
Fairfield, Monday, April 26.
Vanceboro, Craven county, Friday, April 30
Newbern, Fifth Sunday after Easter, May 2
Beaufort, Tuesday, May 4.
Kinston, Ascension Day, May 6.
Holy Innocents, Lenoir county, Friday, May 7
Wilmington, Sunday after Ascension, May 9
St. James' church, morning.
St. Paul's church, evening.
Warrenton, Whit. Sunday, May 16.
Ridgeway, Monday, May 16.
Henderson, Tuesday, May 18.
Oxford, Thursday, May 20.
Kittrell's, Saturday, May 22.
Louisburg, Trinity Sunday, May 23.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHICKERING & PIANOS

Other Pianos wear out

BUT THEY GO ON FOREVER.

VICTORIOUS in all great contests and for 53 years the acknowledged Standard of the World for Musical Perfection, Wonderful Durability and Reasonable Cost. True economy indicates purchase of the Chickering and no other.

LAST CHANCE TO BUY CHEAP

Chickering & Sons largely advanced their prices February 1st. Our old contracts expire April 1st and we will fill all orders received before that date at old rates. Our prices now are positively the lowest in America. Order now and save from $25 to $50 on the purchase. Present rates guaranteed only to April 1.

LUDDEN & BATES, Savannah, Ga.
Wholesale Agents for Ga., Fla., S. C., N. C., & Ala.
mch 7 4t

SUMNER LODGE, NO 48,

OF COLUMBIA, S. C.,

I. O. of G. S. and D. of S.,

Meets Monday evening of each week at 8 o'clock.

A. J. FORREST, P. S.
mch 7 tf

CITY OF WILMINGTON,

MAYOR'S OFFICE
February 25, 1880.

$25 REWARD.

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID for information sufficient to convict any person or persons who have been guilty of late of stoning houses, pulling off palings, and taking off gates from fences, or of committing any similar depredations in this city.

S. H. FISHBLATE,
feb 29 tf Mayor.

NOTICE.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY TENDER my services as PHYSICIAN and SURGEON to the citizens of Wilmington and vicinity.
Office on North side Market between Second and Third Streets.
feb 29 tf F. W. FOSTER, M. D.

200 MEN WANTED

TO work quarrying stone at Rocky Point, N. C., for the United States Government Works. Steady employment and good wages.

feb 29 tf THOS. WILLIAMS.

DR. W. W. HARRISS,

will resume on MARCH 4TH the

PRACTICE OF MEDICINE.

and offers his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES in the PRACTICE of HOMŒPATHY.

Office, (at present,) next to Court House.
Residence on 5th near Orange street.
feb 29 tf

Sale of Obsolete and Unserviceable Ordnance and Ordnance Stores.

UNITED STATES ORDNANCE AGENCY,
Corner Houston and Greene Streets, (P. O Box 1811,)
NEW YORK, January 22d, 1880.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate will be received at this office for the purchase of Obsolete and Unserviceable Ordnance and Ordnance Stores, embracing Cannon, Carriages, Small Arms, Leather Work, Lead, Tools, and Scrap Materials, &c., at the various Arsenals, Forts, and Depots in the United States.

Bids will be opened at 12 o'clock, M., on Wednesday, the 25th day of February, 1880, for Stores located as follows, to wit:

Allegheny Arsenal, Pa.; Frankford Arsenal, Pa.; Fort Monroe Arsenal, Va.; Indianapolis Arsenal, Ind.; Kennebec Arsenal, Me.; Pikesville Arsenal, Md.; Rock Island Arsenal, Ill.; St. Louis Arsenal, Mo.; National Armory, Mass.; Washington Arsenal, D. C.; Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y.; Watertown Arsenal, Mass.

And the Forts in the following named States, to wit:

Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Virginia.

Bids will be opened at 12 o'clock, M., on Wednesday, the 10th day of March, 1880, for Stores located as follows, to wit:

Augusta Arsenal, Ga.; San Antonio Arsenal, Texas; Benicia Arsenal, Cal.; Vancouver Arsenal, Wash. Ter.; Fort Union, New Mex., U. S. Military Academy, N. Y., and the Forts in the following named States and Territories, to wit:

Alabama, California, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Dakota, Idaho, Indian, Montana, New Mexico, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

For list of Stores in detail, location, terms, &c., see catalogues, which can be procured on application at the Ordnance Office, War Department, Washington, D. C., at this Agency, or at any of the Arsenals or Depots; and the Commanding Officers of Forts will furnish on application information as to what Stores on hand at their respective posts are for sale.

Bidders will state explicitly the posts where the Stores are located which they bid for, and will give the kinds and quantities they propose to purchase.

Deliveries will only be made at the various posts where stored.

The Department reserves the right to reject all bids which are not deemed satisfactory.

Prior to the acceptance of any bid it will have to be approved by the War Department. Terms Cash. Ten per cent. at the time of award and the remainder when the property is delivered. Thirty days will be allowed for the removal of Stores.

Packing boxes will be charged at prices to be determined by the Department.

Proposals will be addressed to the U. S. Ordnance Agency, New York, (P. O. Box 1811) and must be endorsed, "Proposals for purchasing Stores," with the names of the Arsenals, Forts or Depots where stored, and the names of States or Territories in which the Stores are located.

S. CRISPIN,
Bvt. Col. U. S. A., Lt. Col. of Ord., Commanding.
jan 11 6

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO Augusta, Me. mar 9 1y

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Ed'r & Prop'r.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1880.

We print the letter of Hon D. L. Russell, member of Congress of this District, addressed to Colonel L. W. Humphries of Goldsboro, on the subject of the proposed sale of the Western N. C. Railroad. It will be seen that he is opposed to the scheme.

It is impossible to withhold admiration for the faithful and fearless manner in which Senator Logan has dealt with the Fitz John Porter case. Nor can there be doubt to any one who examines the fact that the finding of the court martial was well founded. The conviction is forced on the mind that Pope gave the order to Porter in ample season, as a part of his plan of battle, that Porter was in full possession of Pope's purpose, and that he willfully neglected the explicit order which he received, to engage the enemy. It is true that the punishment of Porter is terrible, for he leaves behind him a blackened memory, the stigma of which will never be removed. But the insubordination was also terribly astounding and totally destructive of military obedience. Were he to be restored to his rank in the Army which he put in peril by his unquestioned disobedience, it would be nothing less than an irreparable injury to that splendid branch of the government.

As a specimen character of those who are assailing Secretary Sherman, there is "Col." Thos. M. Blodgett, son of the late Hon. Foster M. Blodgett of Georgia. He is, according to all accounts, entirely unworthy of his father,—and has no standing among the Republicans of Georgia. Nevertheless, out of regard for his father the Secretary seems to have appointed him Collector at the little port of St. Mary's. Blodgett went on taking illegal fees, and committing no end of irregularities, and was removed, for cause. Now of course he is opposing Sherman, and one "J. C. D." parades him in the *National Republican* if he were of some importance, when he is a laughing stock all round. This fellow has no standing nor influence in Georgia, and yet the "J. C. D." says that he is a "very active and intelligent politician," who sets forth "in very bitter terms his contempt for Hon. John Sherman." Bah!

NOTE.—Since writing the above it has been ascertained that Blodgett has the following record:—"Dismissed from the railway service in 1878 for the offenses of drunkeness and gambling; stealing a dog, valued at $50; procuring in a fraudulent manner the signature of persons to a petition to be presented to Congress for the improvement of the harbor of St. Mary's, Ga.; bad character for truth and veracity in the community where he lives; immoral and disgraceful conduct." These charges are sustained by affidavit, and his bondsmen joined in a petition to Secretary Sherman to remove him, as he was gambling away the government funds. This is a specimen opponent of Sherman.

ANTAGONISMS IN AMERICAN POLITICS.

There are other antagonisms existing in the brain of America, besides those questions which belong to the powers of the federal government as related to the states, and the powers that belong to the states themselves. While questions of this nature were the cause of the war, were involved in it, and were settled by it, they are still a subject of controversy in all phases of society and even in the highest judicial tribunals. But the other antagonisms have never been subjects of war nor judicial consideration, have never been trotted out in the races of the canvass, and have never run home on the course.

There is undoubtedly a party in this country in favor of changing the character of the national government. It is not a large party in numbers. It is even in an insignificant minority, but its influence is not to be despised, for it is an emissary which assumes multitudinous shapes and invades innumerable positions, from pot-house to cathedral, from school house to Congress from the shop to the laboratory, from the church to the University. The opinions of this class in our country, who want fewer elections, longer terms of office, not so many nor so comprehensive constitutions, less of legislatures, more of intrenched privileges and less of individual rights, more privileges to wealth and less liberty to the poor, are concealed over the country like the woman's leaven in the dough, and may sometime affect the whole lump.

Those opinions develope themselves in a variety of forms. They crop out in such ideas, as that if Grant is elected once more it will be for life; that he will be inaugurated notwithstanding Tilden's ciphers and money and frauds; some say that he will be inaugurated anyway, thus looking at action outside the forms of law; that we will have a strong government; and that he is the only person who can now be considered certain of an election. These indications of public thought cropping out so variously, and bearing evidence of sacreligious purposes toward the profounder principles of the Republic, cannot be looked upon otherwise than with apprehension by those persons who still believe that the safety of the individual citizen and the public safety as well, reposes in a strict adherence to the primary doctrines and theories which pervaded the sacred councils of our fathers.

Who of us is not conscious that there are elements among us which are constantly doubting the power of the people to govern themselves? Who are conjuring up visions of agrarian excesses, of communisms which portend the demolition of established institutions, revolutions and anarchy? Who is not observant of the fact that the air scintillates with plots and popular infatuations, which tend toward the subversion of the Republic and a transformation to something in the similitude of permanent power which will bring danger to human rights and to the principles on which the government was founded?

The logic of the present dangerous movement is, we believe, not mistaken by nine-tenths of the American people. They want no step outside the Republic and no future reign of the Tarquins.

ASSAULTS ON SECRETARY SHERMAN.

Nothing can exceed the malignant meanness of a portion of the penny-a-line scribblers who are criticising Secretary Sherman. Anything like courteous criticism seems to be totally foreign to their make-up, and they bowl about such epithets, as are not fit for ears polite, with all the volubility of a fishwoman. The idea of keeping anywhere within the limits of truth is no part of their concern. It is unquestionably one of the evils of American politics that there are so many disreputable and unscrupulous characters mixed up with respectable citizens, that the reputation of no person at all connected with them, is safe. It may be concluded, however, that most of the persons who are engaged in this disreputable and defamatory business, belong to the class known as sore heads, and are writing on account of some imagined wrong.

If it were not feared in some quarters that Mr. Sherman's strength is increasing among the people, these base means would not be resorted to. There is a class of politicians who never can discover any way of advancing the interests of their favorites but by decrying or blackening the characters of opponents. As a rule the bad motives which they attribute to other people are apt to be found existing in themselves. We are not without that class in these southern states. Even in North Carolina there were a few opinionated people, who imagined that nobody had a right to have any opinions but themselves, and there was no way to forward Gen. Grant's interest but by attacking other candidates. Accordingly they were busy for several months in spreading the report that everybody here were agreed upon the Third Term and Gen. Grant. There is not a Republican who has informed himself on the situation here, who does not know, and did not then know, when these reports were being spread in the north, that public opinion here was almost entirely unformed. The people did not dislike any of the candidates spoken of, but liked the Republican party better than they did any one of them. That is the dominant feeling now, while there are still preferences, but which are not so inflexible that they cannot be overcome.

As soon as the Presidential candidates began to be talked about, it was found that most Republicans were anxious to know what was best to be done—whom it was best to nominate. Anybody knows that the southern Republicans, if they are allowed to vote without intimidation, will cast a solid vote for whoever is nominated by the Chicago Convention. But that does not prevent them from having their preferences. The average citizen does not belong to any clique, and has no special axe to grind, but he wants done what is best for the whole. Some people among us had not found out these simple and common facts, and they fell into grave perturbation of mind, when they found that other people had minds of their own as well as themselves.

It speedily became a subject of grave animadversion because some had opinions of their own. But the day of sore heads is nearly ended, and the people have waked up and are asserting their rights. It is a mistake also to suppose that the colored people are wrapped up in Grant. Bishop Hood is a fair exponent of his class and tells the truth when he says that no statesman is Mr. Sherman's superior in devotion to Republican principles, and none of our leading men have a record so unspotted.

JOHN SHERMAN.

[From the Washington World.]

This great financier and statesman did not take up his trade after any brief apprenticeship. His studies extend over an entire cycle of social development. He came into public life under the old *ante-bellum* financial regime with its awkward processes and chaotic weakness. He was in Congress when the convulsion of civil war shattered that old financial system and shook the very foundations of our national existence.

In all the financial legislation which that convulsion precipitated, Mr. Sherman bore a distinguished part. Transferred to the Senate, his profound financial ability was soon recognized, and he found himself in the front rank of thinkers and legislators upon that transcendent theme. His counsels were always wise and reassuring. He had studied all that economic science had gathered from the past experience of men and nations. But soon he was called upon to confront a crisis through which past experience was a very uncertain conductor.

The monetary panic of 1873, was but the commencement of a reaction against abuses all over the world. It was one of those periods of financial adjustment in which a long-continued disregard of fundamental economic principles was visited with destructive retribution. All the appearance of wealth that had rested upon those false principles was but as frost work, and the time for its dissolution had come. Collossal fortunes were swept away in an hour. Real estate values sunk with frightful rapidity. Their inflation had been the measure, not of real wealth but of a false medium of estimation, an inflated currency. But while currency shrunk in volume it expanded in purchasing power. The debtor class found themselves compelled to pay in scarcer and more valuable money debts contracted when inflation was at the flood. What did we not pass through in this enforced settlement?

But we, and the whole world, had been sailing with "three sheets in the wind;" now we were reduced to bare poles and dared not display more than our storm jib. This was the situation when Pilot Sherman took the speaking trumpet and began to get the good ship out of the breakers. Immediately it was felt that there was a strong hand at the helm. Calmly he surveyed the entire situation. With profound skill he taughtened the braces and shaped the courses of the craft. He had, while in Congress, provided a mainstay for his subsequent operations, in the bill providing for the resumption of specie payments, January 1, 1879.

With this provision of law in his favor, he quietly disregarded the warning of the Confederate majorities in Congress, and carried on his operations of resumption under their very noses. There was nothing of bravado or challenge in his method but a world of quiet decision, of calm mental equilibrium and of deep, calculating, earnest effort.

Our limits forbid our enlargement on this theme. We have only to submit it to the calm judgment of the American people that the great statesman who inaugurated and carried out this great reform is in the highest sense fit for the responsibilities of the Presidency.

THE NEW INLAND SOUTHERN WATER ROUTES.

The proposed ship canal between Norfolk and the Cape Fear is now before Congress in a very elaborate report from the engineers who have traversed the route. The line settled upon is 292 miles long and runs from Norfolk through the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to a point on the North Landing river, which empties into Currituck Sound, which connects with the Albemarle, without locks. We copy from a Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* the further information which will interest our Cape Fear and Pamlico readers:

The work to be done on the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal would cost $509,702, and its natural water way approaches could be put in the required condition for $200,629, $70,000 of which has already been appropriated. From Albemarle Sound the route is clear to the mouth of the Neuse River and the lower extremity of Core Sound. Several lines were surveyed from these points to the Cape Fear River. The first survey for water communication through this part of North Carolina was made in 1837. The engineers in charge of the work now under consideration laid out an inland route from the Trent River—a branch of the Neuse—crossing White Oak River and New River at tide water, and intersecting the northeast branch of the Cape Fear River at Lane's Ferry. A canal on this line would be about 60 miles long. They also laid out a shore route. This runs from the Neuse to the Newport River, by way of the Clubfoot and Harlow Canal, thence by Newport River and Pettiford's Creek to the mouth of White Oak River, and then to Masonboro Inlet by way of the narrow sounds, which lie along the coast. The route would be continued to the Cape Fear River below Wilmington by an open cut across the peninsula, by way of Whisky and Barnard's Creeks. Nearly 60 miles of this shore canal would be constructed through marshes and islands, and would lie about three miles from the outer line of Sand Islands, which would protect it from the ocean. The engineers express a preference for this shore route, the length of which would be 102 miles. The cost is estimated at $5,695,000, or about $55,759 per mile. The cost, therefore, of constructing a water route 9 feet deep and 80 feet wide, from Norfolk Harbor to the Cape Fear River below Wilmington, would be, by way of the Dismal Swamp Canal, $6,405,331, and by way of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal $7,187,622. The Dismal Swamp Canal has been practically abandoned, and its place taken by the Albemarle and Chesspeake. The former is not navigable now for vessels drawing more than three and a half feet of water, and it would cost $50,000 per mile to place it in good condition in accordance with the plan proposed. The Albemarle and Chesspeake is a tide water canal, built for the use of steam vessels. The cost per mile of the proposed improvements in it would be $36,800. The work could be done in one year without much hindrance to navigation, while the work on the Dismal Swamp Canal would require two years, during which time navigation would be suspended.

Gov. Jarvis tries to frighten the people about losing their Asylums for the Insane, the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institution, the common school system,

SHERMAN INDICATIONS.

Mr. Thomas M. Nichol of Wisconsin says:

I favor Sherman decidedly, and I know that he has many friends in Wisconsin, and very few enemies in his party. His nomination would be very satisfactory to the Republicans of Wisconsin. Mr. Sherman's candidacy suffers in this vicinity because no leading paper advocates it, and because one, at least, misrepresents him and the sentiment of the people in regard to him.

From the Sandusky *Tribune*: Secretary Sherman goes on the even tenor of his way without paying the least attention to his defamers, and is thus gaining friends every day.

The Albany Evening *Journal*:

Sherman has grandly mastered the financial problems which were unsolved when he was given the control of the Treasury. There is nothing in his character or in the record of his public life which would embarrass his friends in the canvass or excite the distrust of the people.

The Indianapolis *News*:

John Sherman would reach and poll the votes of a class that no other candidate prominently named would. He would poll not only the party strength, but that large class of floating and independent voters which is larger now than ever it was. When the Republicans take counsel of their understanding and not of their prejudices or predilections, they will see this. If they choose from the candidates prominently named, and mean to win at the polls next fall, they cannot dodge the logic of Sherman's strength.

The colored people are for Sherman.

The Ohio papers say that nearly all the colored people in that State are for Sherman for President. We are not surprised to hear this. John Sherman was an open, brave advocate of the rights and freedom of the colored people long years before the war when it was unpopular to be so even in Ohio, and the colored men who are not friendly to Sherman are hard to find in Ohio where he lives and is well known.

The Democrats are fighting against Sherman's nomination with the desperation of men fighting against threatened destruction.

What Frederick Hassaurek the leading German of Ohio says:

"Who is the Cincinnati Republican candidate?" the reporter asked, straining his voice so that it might be heard above the rumble of the vehicle.

"Sherman," was the reply, "he carries the whole Ohio delegation. Last Saturday there was an attempt to start a Blaine boom, but after much puffing, especially by the *Enquirer*, which is trying to help both Blaine and Grant, only five persons attended the meeting, so the idea was given up. Blaine has quite a respectable following at Columbus, I believe. Nevertheless, the Ohio delegation will be unanimous for Sherman."

The Norwich (Connecticut) *Courier* says:

The New York *Times*, which is doing its utmost to defeat the nomination of Mr. Sherman, has not discovered, with its sharp, prying eyes, a single flaw in his long public career showing that he was ever dishonest, untrue to his country or his more immediate constituency, or even shrank from or failed to do his whole duty in every position which he has filled. Surely it must be acknowledged that he is the most successful man who has held the office of Secretary of the Treasury since the days of Alexander Hamilton.

Facts and Figures.

A correspondent in the News of today brings out the following stubborn facts and figures. Read carefully, you who have the real interest of North Carolina at heart.

RALEIGH, March 5.—You say in an editorial this morning favoring and urging the acceptance of the Best proposition to take the Western North Carolina railroad, "When you touch the pockets of the people, you touch them in a very vital and sensitive point, and the response is ordinarily prompt and unmistakable."

Assuming this to be true, it assumes the utter absence of every sentiment but love of sordid dollars, and the proposition is too comprehensive. Does not the conclusion lead inevitably to repudiation?

$3,300,000.

The state issued before the war $3,300,000 bonds to build the Western North Carolina Railroad.

$1,320,000.

By the compromise of the state debt last winter, she issues now $1,320,000 of new 4 per cent. bonds in lieu of the $3,300,000 old bonds.

$52,800.

The interest on this bonded Western North Carolina Railroad debt is $52,800 a year; interest for 30 years $1,584,000.

$2,904,000.

Thus, at the maturity of these bonds, the state will have paid, principal and interest, for the railroad property which she surrenders to Mr. Best without exacting a farthing for it, the enormous sum of $2,903,000. Well may good old Dr. Worth stand appalled at North Carolina investments in railroads, if this is a specimen of North Carolina statesmanship and financiering.

$550,000.

This is said to represent the money and labor the state has put into the road since the reorganization in 1875. Why don't Mr. Best return that sum in kind? The work and material is there to show for it.

Why don't Mr. Best assume and protect the $1,320,000 of bonds issued to build the road? The road is there to represent and show for it. It would be a very easy matter for him to give the state $1,320,000 of unforeclosable, non-saleable mortgage bonds, and they would hurt nobody; and it would only mortgage 88 miles of his 330 miles of railroad, and for convenience this might be on the Ducktown end.

$6,000,000.

If you all go on to "touch the pockets of the people" in the way, the next document of Dr. Worth will be able to lament the fate of his $6,000,000 compromise of the state debt, on which there are $240,000 interest to annually pay.

$3,000,000.

Governor Jarvis says the property which it is proposed to give Mr. Best is worth $3,000,000, just half of the state debt, and earning 6 per cent. interest would pay all but $60,000 of the annual interest.

Has it occurred to anybody that if the leading public men set the example of throwing away the public property, the people may insist on throwing off the public obligation!

A NON-TAX PAYER.
(Except Internal Revenue.)

THE PANAMA CANAL—LESSEPPS.

The President has sent a message to Congress, in answer to a resolution, accompanied by all the treaties in regard to the inter-oceanic canal companies, and the history of them, and the diplomatic correspondence. The President takes the ground that the United States cannot assent to a canal under the control of any one or any combination of European powers. The language of the message is as follows:

In further compliance with the resolution of the Senate I deem it proper to state briefly my opinion as to the policy of the United States with respect to the construction of an interoceanic canal by any route across the American isthmus. The policy of this country is a canal under American control. The United States cannot consent to the surrender of this control to any European Power or to any combination of European Powers. If existing treaties between the United States and other nations, or if the rights of sovereignty or property of other nations stand in the way of this policy—a contingency which is not apprehended—suitable steps should be taken by just and liberal negotiations to promote and establish the American policy on this subject consistently with the rights of the nations to be affected by it. The capital invested by corporations or citizens of other countries in such an enterprise must, in a great degree, look for protection to one or more of the great Powers of the world. No European Power can intervene for such protection without adopting measures on this continent which the United States would deem wholly inadmissible. If the protection of the United States is relied upon the United States must exercise such control as will enable this country to protect its national interests and maintain the rights of those whose private capital is embarked in the work.

An interoceanic canal across the American Isthmus will essentially change the geographical relations between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the United States and between the United States and the rest of the world. It will be the great ocean thoroughfare between our Atlantic and our Pacific shores, and virtually a part of the coast line of the United States. Our merely commercial interest in it is greater than that of all other countries, while its relations to our power and prosperity as a nation, to our means of defence, our unity, peace and safety, are matters of paramount consideration to the people of the United States. No other great Power would, under similar circumstances, fail to assert a rightful control over a work so closely and vitally affecting its interest and welfare. Without urging further the grounds of my opinion I repeat in conclusion that it is the right and duty of the United States to assert and maintain such supervision and authority over any interoceanic canal across the Isthmus that connects North and South America as will protect our national interests. This, I am quite sure, will be found not only compatible with, but promotive of, the widest and most permanent advantage to commerce and civilization.

RUTHERFORD B. HAYES.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, March 8, 1880.

Mr. Lesseps made a statement to the committee of the House on the interoceanic canal, urging his plan for a tidewater canal from ocean to ocean, a distance of about 45 miles. He gave his reasons very confidently and with a good deal of detail, to the effect that an open tide water, could be established, without locks, notwithstanding the differences in the heights of the tide and from the rain, which is 100 to 140 inches annually. Mr. Lesseps does not agree with Admiral Ammen and Mr. Menocal of our Navy as to the effect of the fall from the Pacific to the Atlantic or the effect of the rainfall.

Jeff. Davis, has had himself done in crayon in military dress, intended to represent him as he was when captured. He says, however, that when he left the tent he had on a water-proof "Raglan" and a shawl around his head. But Mrs. Davis said to Capt. Hudson, "I put my water-proof cloak and shawl on Mr. Davis on the impulse of the moment, &c." And when the two women and Mr. Davis were hailed by the cavalryman, asking, "where are you going?" Mrs. Davis answered, "With my old mother going for some water." Upon challenge, Mr. Davis says he threw off these garments—or as he terms it, the "Raglan."

The Hon. Marshall Jewell of Hartford, has written a lecture, his theme being a "Russian Winter."

HON. D. L. RUSSELL
ON THE
Proposed Railroad Sale.

WASHINGTON, D. C, March 8, 1880.

Col. S. W. Humphrey, Goldsboro, N. C.:

DEAR SIR.—Your letter, asking if it be true, as stated by Governor Jarvis, that the members of Congress from North Carolina joined him in commending the sale of the Western Railroad, was received. The statement is not true, either as to myself or Mr. Martin, the member from the First District. Neither of us have approved of a measure by which the state is to donate to a Ring of railroad wreckers property which, according to Governor Jarvis' own showing, is worth more than a million. This, I will attempt to show, is in substance the proposal of one Mr. Best and his associates, whom I shall designate as the Ring—a term which is or is not odious, according to circumstances.

If any business man stood in the business position of the state with reference to this property, and Mr. Best, or any other man, should come to him with such an offer as that contained in the bill, he would feel it his duty to send for the county doctor with a view to proceedings for his transmission to the proper asylum for all unfortunate insane.

Stated in tabular form it is this:

Value of property when Paint Rock line is done, according to Gov. Jarvis, (who has considered it his duty by persuasion and assertion to depreciate the value of the State's property, of which he is the trustee trying to sell, an offense for which, in transactions between man and man, a court of equity would remove him for infidelity to his trust),		$3,000,000
Existing First Mortgage	$850,000	
Cost of completion, (according to estimates of competent railroad men)	450,000	
Bonus to the Ring, given and granted on account of the love and affection of said Ring for the state and its people	1,700,000	
	$3,000,000	$3,000,000

In this table no account is taken of the $550,000 of worthless bonds, which may never be issued, nor of the $50,000 per annum which the state donates in convicts labor. Add this in and we will have nigh on to two millions as the amount of this magnificent *donatio causa mortis* of a once honored but now despoiled and expiring sovereign. King Lear, when he divided his domain, gave it to his children, who, however ungrateful, were his children still. Our aged, trembling, deserted, and imbecile old father gives his crown and his estates to strangers who neither owe him gratitude, profess allegiance, nor thank him with a smile, but insult him in the act by calling his gifts a sale.

But two excuses, which can claim to rise to the dignity of reasons, have been given for this giving away of the state. One is that the amount necessary for the completion of the road must come out of the people by direct taxation. Why? If the Ring can complete it by putting a second mortgage on it, why can not the state build it by doing the same thing? If the Ring can make money by doing it why can not the state? The other excuse is that by no other means can the Ducktown branch ever be built, because the state cannot afford to spend the necessary millions to do it. The answer is that it will be time enough to handle the case of the Ducktown branch after we shall have completed the necessary link whereby we are to effect through connections, open up a vast trade for our own people, and quadruple the present value of this property. The talk about the faith of the state being pledged is a mere misuse of terms. There is no contract with the people of the few counties southwest of Asheville whereby the state is bound to build this road. The only contract in these charters is between the state and the stockholders or their assignees. Existing legislation, looking to the carrying on of the Ducktown branch along with the Paint Rock branch, is subject to repeal. Besides, the title to the Ducktown branch is in serious question. The state cannot afford to spend money on it until this question is settled. Nay, more, the state has no right to spend money on it unless it is the property of the state.

The bill, which the Ring is kind enough to submit to the legislature, is in many of its details a marvel of impudence and iniquity. By one of its provisions the State is to furnish five hundred convicts (if she should not have them by ordinary course of law she is to make them, *fas aut nefas*, by some means, perhaps by conscription,) fed, clothed, quartered and guarded for about ten dollars a month. Rather cheap labor for these disinterested non-resident patriots who are so anxious to build our railroads! I think I know of some cotton, rice and tobacco planters, to say nothing of railroad and building contractors, who would like to get labor on these terms. The Ring could not get this labor in open market for less than one hundred dollars per annum more than it is to pay the state. Thus, $50,000 a year is donated by the state to the Ring by this little arrangement.

Again, if the Ring fails to comply with the contract, after having worked on the road, then all they have expended on it is to be paid back to them How is this amount to be arrived at? Only by the books of accounts, and *the Ring keeps the books*. But they say that a limit is fixed at $850,000. So it is, and a moderately fat limit it is. Competent railroad men say that the work can be done for $450,000. This only leaves a margin of $350,000 for stealage—a moderate sum, I admit, for a New York syndicate.

Again, by section 17, the whole contract as to the time stipulated for the completion of the roads is virtually abrogated, and the power to make a new contract given to three commissioners, all of whom are virtually to be created by the Ring and a friendly Governor. Why not appoint these three magnates at once put the state in their hands, and abolish the legislature? It would save expense and relieve high officials of their responsibility to the people's representatives.

Sections 12 and 13 contain stuff enough to feed, clothe and otherwise luxuriously support a small brigade of lawyers through several generations—provided the coffers of the poor old state shall hold out in maintaining her quota against the inexhaustible resources of her adversaries. The man who wrote them is either a constitutional idiot or a shrewd, sharp and tricky draftsman, who knows well how to cover ulterior purposes and illicit motives with the mazes of syntactical ambiguities. Those who are best acquainted with the excellent and disinterested individuals whom Chatham would call the "Cannibals of Wall Street," will be disposed to suspect that he does not belong to the first-mentioned description. Nothing short of a Court of Last Resort (and that only because it is a last resort) will ever tell us whether, under these sections, the Ring is to have a statutory lien upon the Paint Rock line for all of its so-called expenditures which it can enforce in the ordinary way of such so-called lien is to be held on the same conditions as the second mortgage bonds, which they may or may not issue; whether the words "holders of this indebtedness" refer to Best and his associates—the Ring—or such creditors by bond or otherwise as may have advanced the money used in this expenditure—or to all of them; whether on default of the Ring to comply with the contract the state is to take back the property without *first* paying them for such work as they may have done; whether the state, in case of default, can take possession and complete the road unless the Ring shall be polite enough to "agree on the terms;" whether the Ring could at once enforce its lien for such expenditure, made on either branch against the Ducktown line and sell it out *instanter;* whether, if the Ring should prefer to keep it, the state can get possession by an action of ejectment, which may last from twenty to fifty years; whether the state would be entitled to a receiver while the property shall be in the hands of such gilt-edged gentlemen, so able and willing to respond in damages, as the states chief executive officer has estopped himself from denying them to be—nothing but such a court will ever answer these and several hundred other questions which will occur to every lawyer who examines the proposed bill.

The exhibitions on discriminations against North Carolina seaports is worth as much as the $550,000 of second mortgage bonds which the state is to take for its property and its honor, and, since the rise in paper, neither is worth the material on which it is printed. A considerable amount of cant has been supplied about the great price we get in the guarantee, so called, that the Ducktown line will be built. Is there any good reason to believe that the Ring—Best or those to whom he may sell at a profit of a few hundred thousand dollars—will ever put a spade in it? This Asheville and Paint Rock connection is wanted by numerous competing lines. Suppose they form a Ring or come in with the present one, control the first mortgage bonds, (as the Ring may already do, so far as we know,) allow the interest to default for a few years while building to Paint Rock; get into a labarynth of litigation with the state; demand payment of $850,000 with a lot of accrued interest, and payment of $850,000 claimed to have been expended on the road-bed making in all about two millions which the state must pay *in cash*—and while this is going on sell the whole property under the first mortgage, buy it themselves, "scoop up" the whole thing, and laugh at the way they "come it" over the rustic Tar Heels of the old North State. It is perfectly safe for them. They can afford under this bill to build to Paint Rock and take the chances of keeping the property without building the Ducktown line. They get their money back (the bill is susceptible of that construction) in any event, with a margin of some three hundred thousand dollars for cheatage.

As to Wilmington, Fayetteville, (if the state keeps this road Fayetteville may yet be its eastern terminus,) and other eastern towns, this act, if consummated, will be among the last nails in their coffins. The Ducktown line if done tomorrow—and it is supposed it will cost four or five millions, and then it stops in a wilderness many miles from any other road—would not help us to any appreciable extent. Our only hope is the French Road or Paint Rock connection. We have contributed to build it. We are entitled to demand that the state shall keep it and build it and run it in our interest. As to this talk about non-discrimination in freights we are entitled to discrimination *in our favor*, as against the ports of other states. Some of the best railroad and business men in the state believe that if the state will keep her property, protect her stock in the North Carolina and the Atlantic Roads, complete the French Broad connection, the time will come in the not very distant future when she will possess a fortune of which her people may be proud. The last missing link in this great system between the sea and the mighty west can be built without one dollar of taxation. Let us do it, and let the people of the state, and not a Ring of foreign capitalists, enjoy the profits and reap the benefits of it.

Truly yours, D. L. RUSSELL.

THE RAILROAD SALE.

Judge Fowle lies rather low on the railroad question.

Col. D. K. McRae of this city puts the knife into the Best scheme in a very remorseless manner.

Col. W. L. Saunders, whilom a writer on several newspapers, and now Secretary of State, strikes the hardest for the sale when he shows the heavy taxes which Wake, New Hanover, Mecklenburg, Craven, &c., will have to pay.

Major W. A. Hearne is putting in hard knocks against the sale, in the Raleigh *Dispatch*. This very pertinent question is a home thrust:

Pass the Best bill, and don't you recognize the Special Tax Bonds, and put it in the power of any Special Tax Bondholder to proceed against the interests of the State in the railroad the moment the act is ratified?

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 14 1880.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION FOR 1880.

ROOMS REPUBLICAN STATE EX. COM.
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 20, 1880.

The next Republican State Convention of North Carolina, for the nomination of Governor and other State Officers, and Presidential Electors at large, will be held at the City of Raleigh, on WEDNESDAY, JULY 7TH, 1880, at 12 o'clock, noon; and will consist of delegates from each county equal to twice the number of its Representatives in the House branch of the General Assembly.

C. W. GRANDY, Chairm'n.
F. M. SORRELL, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

A National Convention of the Republican party will meet at Chicago, on Wednesday, the 2nd day of June next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the nomination of candidates to be supported for President and Vice-President at the next election. Republicans, and all who will co-operate with them in supporting the nominees of the party, are invited to choose two delegates from each Congressional District, four at large from each state, two from each Territory, and two from the District of Columbia, to represent them in the Convention.

J. D. CAMERON, Chairman.
THOMAS B. KEOGH, Secretary.

Jere Haralson,	John P. Jones.
Powell Clayton,	Wm. E. Chandler,
George C. Gorham,	George A. Halsey,
Samuel H. Elbert,	Thomas C. Platt,
Marshall Jewell,	Wm. C. Cooper,
Sam M. Harrington,	H. W. Scott,
Wm. J. Purman,	Nelson W. Aldridge
James G. Deveaux,	John J. Patterson,
James P. Root,	Wm. Rule,
John C. New,	E. J. Davis,
John Y. Stone,	M. S. Colburn,
John A. Martin,	John W. Mason,
Wm. C. Goodloe,	Elihu Enos,
P. B. S. Pinchback,	R. C. McCormick,
William P. Frye,	Newton Edmunds,
C. C. Fulton,	S. J. Bowen,
John M. Forbes,	Thos. Donaldson,
Lewis H. Heath,	Alex. H. Beattie,
John T. Averill,	Stephen B. Elkins,
G. M. Buchanan,	John R. McBride,
C. J. Filley,	Orange Jacobs,
L. W. Osborn.	Jas. M. Carey.

Rooms Republican State Executive Committee, City of Raleigh N. C., Jan. 29th, 1880.

The National Republican Executive Committee have named Chicago, and the 2nd day of June next, as the place and time for the meeting of the National Republican Executive Convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States, this committee, after due consideration, deem it inexpedient to call a State Convention until after the National Convention shall have been held and made its nominations. This Committee, therefore, decide to elect four delegates and four alternates, to represent the state at large in the National Convention at Chicago, the 2nd day of June next.

This Committee respectfully suggest to the Congressional Executive Committees, to adopt a like course in the election of delegates and alternates to the said National Convention.

This Committee will not commit itself, or the party, by the endorsement of any candidate for the National nomination; that the delegates shall be uninstructed, that they may be free in the exercise of their discretion to represent the best interest of the Republican party at large.

This Committee decided to call a State Convention, to assemble in the city of Raleigh, the 7th day of July next, to nominate candidates for the various state offices, and two electors at President and Vice-President of the United States, for the state at large, and that the chairman of the Committee be instructed to make full publication of the call of said convention, and urge upon the Republican party, in all the counties in the state, to make their best efforts for a thorough organization, and to send full delegations to the said convention,

The above resolutions were unanimoust adopted by the Republican State Executive Committee.

C. W. GRANDY, Chairman,
F. M. SORRELL, Secretary.

Sir Grissell, in accordance with a motion agreed to, was brought to the bar of the House of Commons, when he read a most humble apology. Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer, amidst cheers, moved his committal to Newgate, and the motion was adopted without debate or division. Mr. Grissell was at the last session of Parliament arrested for a breach of privelege, in having declared his ability to bribe a Parliamentary committee, but who was discharged from custody on the expiration of the session. He will be imprisoned during the pleasure of the House of Commons.

At the inquiry into the Tay Bridge disaster before the Board of Trade at Dundee, rebutting evidence was introduced on behalf of the North British Railroad Company. Various engineers and mechanics employed in the construction of the bridge, testified to the thoroughness of the work, but the evidence, on the whole, is not very satisfactory.

Benjamin Robinson, of Sandusky Ohio, received a sentence to the penitentiary for five years for shooting with intent to kill. On being removed to jail, in the presence of a few friends, he was married to Miss Effie Coon, to whom he had been engaged for two years. Both parties are respectably connected.

The Rev. H. H. Hayden, who has been on trial and acquitted for the murder of Mary Stannard in Madison, Conn., is about to deliver a lecture in the Academy of Music, New York, at which the Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., is to preside.

Henry Pepper, the law partner of Senator Bayard, was found dead in bed in Wilmington, Del. He is believed to have died of apoplexy.

DIRECTORY OF LODGES.

MASONIC.—(WHITE,)

St. John's Lodge No. 1, F & A M, meet last Thursday evening of each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Lodge 319, F & A M, meets 3d Tuesday in each month, at Masonic Hall

Concord Chapter No 1. R A M, meets 3d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Council No. 4, R and O M, meet 2d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Commandery No. 1, K T, meets 2d Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Carolina Lodge 434, meet 1st and 3d Mondays in each month, at Odd Fellows Hall.

I. O. O. F.

Cape Fear Lodge No 2, meets every Tuesday evening.

Orion Lodge No 67, meets every Wednesday evening.

Campbell Encampment No. 1, meets 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

Rebecca Lodge meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month.

Wilmington Degree Lodge meets 2d and 4th Thursday evening of each month.

I. O. B. B.

North State Lodge No. 222, meet 1st and 3d Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

O. K. S. B.

Manhattan Lodge No 158, meets 2d and 4th Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Cornelius Harnett Council No 231, meets 2d and 4th Monday evening of each month. The above Lodges meet at Odd Fellows Hall on Third between Princess and Chestnut streets.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Meets every Monday at Castle Hall, on Third street.

Germania Lodge No. 4, meets every Thursday evening at Castle Hall.

Endowment Rank No. 221, meet 2d Friday in each month, at Castle Hall.

I. O. O. G. T.

Wilmington Lodge No. 64, meets every Wednesday evening, at Temperance Hall, on Third street.

I. O. R. M.

Wyoming Tribe No. 4, meets every Tuesday evening, at their Hall on Princess between front and Second streets.

MASONIC—(COLORED.)

Mt. Nebo Lodge meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, on Sixth between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Giblem Lodge, meet 2d and 4th Monday in each month, corner Eighth and Princess streets.

G. U. O. O. F.

Free Love Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, corner Dock and Water sts

Golden Lyre Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner Market and Water streets.

I. O. OF G. S. AND D.

Queen Esther meets every Monday evening.

Star of Liberty, meets every Tuesday evening.

Ingenious, meets every Tuesday evening

Union, meets every Wednesday evening

Loving Union, meet every Wednesday evening.

Damon and Pythias, meet every Thursday evening.

Fidelity, meet every Friday evening.

The above Lodges occupy the second and third stories, in the west end, of Evans's building, on Princess street.

Mt Zion, meets 1st and 2d Monday in each month, corner second and Princess streets

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REASONS WHY

PERRY DAVIS'

PAIN-KILLER

IS THE

Best Family Medicine of the Age.

And why it should be kept always near at hand;

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. PAIN-KILLER, as a Diarrœa and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affects a cure.

4th. PAIN-KILLER will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c

6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chill Fever; it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequaled for Frost Bites, Chilblains, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows Old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a dollar in time and Doctor's bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty-seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and buy the genuine. Every Druggist, and nearly every Country Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,
Providence, R. I.

d&w18-1y

SPLENDID DRAFT HORSE.

I HAVE a splendid Draft Horse for sale.

dec 7tf W. P. CANADAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. T.

HELMBOLD'S

CAUTION

COMPOUND

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

PHARMACEUTICAL.

A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR ALL

DISEASES

OF THE

BLADDER & KIDNEYS.

For Debility, Loss of Memory, Indisposition to Exertion or Business, Shortness of Breath, Troubled with Thoughts of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Chest and Head, Rush of Blood to the Head, Pale Countenance and Dry Skin.

If these symptoms are allowed to go on, very frequently Epileptic Fits and Consumption follow. When the constitution becomes affected it requires the aid of an invigorating medicine to strengthen and tone up the system—which

"HELMBOLD'S BUCHU,"

DOES IN EVERY CASE

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

IS UNEQUALLED

By any remedy known. It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians all over the world, in

Rheumatism,
Spermatorrhœa,
Neuralgia,
Nervousness,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Constipation,
Aches and Pains,
General Debility,
Kidney Diseases,
Liver Complaint,
Nervous Debility,
Epilepsy,
Head Troubles,
Paralysis,
General Ill Health,
Spinal Diseases,
Sciatica,
Deafness,
Decline,
Lumbago,
Catarrh,
Nervous Complaints,
Female Complaints.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Eruptions, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a thousand other painful symptons, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

INVIGORATES THE STOMACH,

And stimulates the torpid Liver, Bowels, and Kidneys to healthy action, in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

A single trial will be quite sufficient to convince the most hesitating of its valuable remedial qualities.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE,

Or Six Bottles for $5.

Delivered to any address free from observation.

"Patients" may consult by letter, receiving the same attention as by calling.

Competent Physicians attend to correspondents. All letters should be addressed to

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Druggist and Chemist,

Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION!

See that the private Proprietary Stamp is on each bottle.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

nov 23—1y

RAILROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 22, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after November 3, 1879, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at	6.50 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at	12:50 P. M
Leave Weldon at	3:40 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at	9:53 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at	3:40 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at	3.50 A M
Leave Weldon daily, at	2.13 A M
Arrive a Wilmington Front St Depot at	9.13 A M

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5:10 P. M. Daily, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4.0 A tu rning, leave Tarboro at 10.00 A Wednesday and

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North *via* Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily *via* Richmond and all-rail route.

Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond, Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.
no 23—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 22, 1879

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Sunday, Nov. 23, the following schedule will be run on this road:

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN—(Daily.)

Leave Wilmington	9 33 A. M
Arrive Florence	2.00 P. M
Leave Florence	3 50 P M
Arrive at Wilmington	8 20 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily).

Leave Wilmington	10.13 P M
Leave Florence	2 20 A M
Arrive at Columbia	9.00 A. M
Leave Columbia	5.00 A. M
Leave Florence at	2.30 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington	6.30 A M

This Train stops only at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion.

Passengers for Columbia, and all points on G. & C. R. R. and in Western North Carolina, via Columbia and Spartanburg, should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

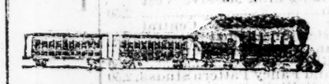
Passengers for Augusta should take Night Express Train, which connects closely via Florence and Charleston Junction.

Through Sleeping Cars on all night trains for Charleston, Savannah, Augusta (via Charleston Junction), and for Columbia.

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen. Sup't.
nov 23—tf.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 7, 1879.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, 7th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at	7:00 P. M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	2:27 A. M
	Charlotte at	8:20 A. M
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at	8:23 P. M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	1:32 A. M
	Wilmington at	9:50 A M

No. 1 Train is Daily except Sunday, but makes no connection to Raleigh on Saturday.

No. 2 Train is Daily except on Seturday.

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS

No. 9.	Leave Charlotte	5:40 A. M
	Arrive at Shelby	12:30 P. M.
No. 10.	Leave Shelby	1:15 P. M
	Arrive at Charlotte	5:05 P. M

LOCAL FREIGHT & ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Wilmington	5:35 A. M
Arrives at Laurinburg	4:00 P. M
Leaves Charlotte	5:30 A. M
Arrives at Laurinburg	4:15 P. M
Leaves Laurinburg	5:30 A. M
Arrives at Charlotte	4:20 P. M
Leaves Laurinburg	5:00 A. M
Arrives at Wilmington	4:20 P. M

These Trains leave Wilmington and Charlotte Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays Laurinburg, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Close connection made at Charlotte with Trains of A. & C. A. L. R. R. and A. T. & O. R. R.

Passengers for Asheville via either route, leaving Wilmington at 7 p. m., will arrive at destination at 9 p. m., next day.

Sleeping-Car accommodations on Through Trains both to and from Charlotte and Wilmington.

There will also be Through Sleepers run to and from Raleigh and Charlotte.

V. Q. JOHNSON,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
dec 7-tf

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address
august 10-1y TRUE & CO Augusta, Me

WANTED A LIMITED number of active energetic canvassers to engage in a pleasant and profitable business. Good men will find this a rare chance

TO MAKE MONEY.

Such will please answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for Reply, stating what business they have been engaged in. None but those who mean business need apply.

Address,
FINLEY & CO.,
april 20—1y Atlanta, Ga.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mme. Demorest's
PORT-FOLIO
OF FASHIONS.

A Large and Beautiful Book of 54 Folio Pages.

Published Semi-Annually in March and September.

Containing over 500 Large Illustrations of the Latest and Best Styles, including all the standard and useful designs for Ladies' and Children's Dress, with French and English descriptions, amount of material required, etc., etc. Every Lady wants this book. This valuable periodical is also printed in the German language. Price, 15 cents. Post-free.

Mme. Demorest's
What to Wear,

Published Semi-Annually in March and September.

Contains the lates information on every department of Ladies' and Children's Dress including Materials, Trimmings. Traveling, Wedding and Mourning outfits. Costumes of al descriptions, Jewelry, Coiffures, Millinery, etc., etc., with valuable information for Merchants, Milliners, Dressmakers, and Ladies generally. 120 pages, large 8 vol. Price, 15 cents. Post-free,

DEMOREST'S
ILLUSTRATED
JOURNAL,

A Beautiful, Entertaining, and Comprehensive Family Paper.

This eminently Successful Journal, with a circulation of

Over One Hundred Thousand,

is printed on fine tinted paper, 16 folio page splendidly illustrated, and contains Enterta ining Literature on various topics, and a brilliant display of the leading styles for Ladies' and Children's Dress. Single copies 5 cents; yearly, 15 cents. Post free.
nov 16 tf

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT

SANFORD'S
LIVER
INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 102 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUT
may 18—1y.

CONFIDENT
—OF—
OUR ABILITY TO SATISFY
—THE—
DEMANDS
OF OUR CUSTOMERS,
AS TO QUALITY AND PRICES,

We would extend a cheerful invitation to our friends and patrons to call and examine our stock before purchasing, as it is so large and numerous, comprising, as it does, all sorts of

GROCERIES, &c.,

Varying in size from a box of Cigars, bag o Shot, small box of Blueing, Laudanum, Castor Oil, Paregoric, Pain Killer, Soap, Candy, Baking Powders, Soda and Matches, to a sack of Salt, barrel of Liquor, keg of Gunpowder, barrel of Mullets, box of Meat, roll of Bagging, bundle of Ties, tierces of Rice or Hams, to a hogshead of Molasses that it is an impossibility to advertise in detail, suffice it to say, it contains everything the dealer or consumer needs.

ADRIAN & VOLLERS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Southeast cor. Front and Dock Sts.
WILMINGTON, N C.
nov 16 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRICK YARD.

I HAVE a splendid tract of land, on the old Newbern Road, that contains the best LOT of CLAY in this part of the state.

Any one who would like to start a brick yard, will please call and see me.

Bricks are always in demand, and at good prices in this city.

dec 7tf W. P. CANADAY.

PIANOS $140 TO $400.

All new, and strictly first-class, and sold at the lowest net cash wholesale factory prices, direct to the purchaser. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the HIGHEST HONORS—over 12,000 in use. Regularly incorporated Manufacturing Co.—Factory established over 37 years. The Square Grands contain Mathushek's new patent Duplex Overstrung Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The Uprights are the Finest in America. Pianos sent on trial. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue of 48 pages—mailed free.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO.,
21 East 15th Street, N. Y.
apr. 13—6m.

Free Love Lodge No. 1469, G. U of O. F.

H. J. WHITEHEAD, N G
W. T. HALL, N F
A. J. JONES, P N F
E. M. GREEN, V G
T. F. HALL, Treasurer
JOS. WILLIS, P S
I. G. BARNETT, P N G
JNO. PAILLIPS, I G
P. H. HARLEY, Warden
J. K. CUTLAR, Chaplain

Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Dock and Water sts. may 18—tf

Golden Lyre Lodge No. 1608 G, U. of O, F.

JOHN W. AVERY, N G
GODFREY WILLIS, N F
E. A. DUDLEY, P N G
J. M. SLOAN, V G
P. W. LAWRENCE, Treasurer
A. A. DUDLEY, P S
W. H. MARSTELLAR, P N G
MORRIS MCFARLAND, I G
THOS. MILLER, Warden
ALEX. ELLISON, Chaplain
L. H. DAVIS, Marshal

Regular meeting 1st and 3d Monday night in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Market and South Water streets. may 18—tf

DR. A. G. OLIN

Private Hospital, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. Specialty, all Private, Chronic and Female Diseases. Consultation free. Ladies and Gentlemen, send one dollar for samples of best rubber goods, and valuable information by express. Reliable Female Pills, $5 per box. Private home and nurse for Ladies during confinement.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A new work, price 50 cents by mail. Mysteries of Nature, Physiology of Marriage, Organs of Generation, Diseases of Youth and Manhood; a wealth of riches and valuable information, of interest to both sexes. Nothing offensive to good taste and refinement. Information never before published. No family should be without it. Address, Dr. A. G. OLIN, 203 Clark St.

dec —tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE CHEAP.
HOUSES AND LOTS.
OR
BUILDING LOTS.
IN DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
Apply to
W. P. CANADAY.

D. M. DART.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITTER,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

CAN STILL BE FOUND AT HIS OLD stand, Journal Building, Princess street where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, cheaper than ever before offered to the public. Has constantly on hand

Bath Tubs,
Water Closets,
Wash Stands,
Pumps of all descriptions,
Drain Pipes,
Gas Pipes,
Gas Fxtures, &c., &c.

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december 21 tf

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oct 12 Editor and Propriet

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My Stock will tell in the Future as it has in the Past.

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My School Shoes cannot be surpassed by any in the State.

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No. 19 FRONT STREET,

an 11 1y WILMINGTON, N. C,

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1880.

Sumpter South Carolina.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 6, 1880,

TO THE EDITOR OF THE POST:

SIR.—The surest test that the views of the POST as regards the Presidency are supported by colored people of South Carolina, may be clearly perceived when I say that of the 100 subscribers which it was my pleasure to secure, two thirds were leading men of the colored race. These not only subscribed because they had heard that the POST was an able defender of the rights of all classes, but also because the POST supported Hon. John Sherman who is looked upon as the best friend of the colored man. Judge of Probate of Sumter S. C., is the person to whom I refer.

I understand that this gentleman intends to start a paper at Sumter. I prophesy success for him, for he is an energetic young man whose word is clear, and who is fully endorsed by all the Republicans in that district. Our readers can judge of this gentleman's capacity when they read the following: In February 1877, Mr. Lee induced a few colored men to engage in business. They organized a Joint Stock Store with a few stockholders at $10 per share. As soon as sufficient capital was raised they opened business with a President, Secretary, Treasurer, a Board of five Directors and a Financial Board of nine. They then purchased a lot, built a store and after putting in stock, Mr. Lee left for Washington. During the time spent in this city he gave his attention to the study of the Rochdale plan of running a Joint Stock Store.

Having fully mastered the Rochdale system he returned in January last and introduced said scheme with wonderful results. By this system they first reduced shares to $5, next they inaugurated the plan whereby the money paid by each share holder becomes an capital upon which 1 per cent interest is paid, semi-annually. They declare dividends every six months, when after deducting all expenses, they divide the profits as follows: Two-thirds to shareholding purchasers and one-third to purchasers, who are not stockholders. To enable them to do this they issue a ticket to each purchaser at the time of sale, and when dividends are declared they call them in giving to each purchaser his proportion which his purchases bear to the one third profits declared. The advantage of this system may be seen when I say that since the month of January they have gained 171 stockholders at $5 each.

In other words after being one year in operation they own to-day, two lots, one of these on Main street at Sumter, on which they propose building a brick store. They pay a Superintendent and Business Manager and also Book keeper $75 per month, store keeper $30 per month, assistant $15. The salary of the two last to increase in proportion as sales increase. Besides these the Treasurer and Secretary receive $1 per day when engaged. The advantage of the Rochdale system may be seen when we know that whereas under the old system they only realize about $400 per month, under the present when purchases are benefited, the sales for the month of January reached $1,000. All I have stated must be credited to Samuel Lee, a man whose name is a guaranty for honesty, integrity and purity in the state of South Carolina.

A. B. LIND.

STATE NEWS.

The Cape Fear *Banner*, which we forgot to notice last week, appears in No. 3, published by H. I. McDuffie at Fayetteville. It is to be a cash paper, and is well made up. It seems to be in favor of the sale of the Western Road to Best & Co, in favor of Judge Fowle for Governor. Of the Democratic nomination for this district this new *Banner* bluntly says:

We have a whole host of men whose claims for that position are before us, either of whom would reflect honor upon the District—MacRae, Troy, McKoy, Waddell and Stedman. Of course we are selfish enough to prefer a man from our own town, but we will give a hearty support to either of these gentlemen above named. We have received two letters from prominent gentlemen in Wilmington advocating the nomination of Maj. Stedman, and they agree that New Hanover is a unit for him; and that fact is ominous.

We regret to see that the *Signal*, the new Republican paper at Raleigh, is not receiving such patronage as it ought to. As a well made up journal it is so much superior to anything which the Republicans have had at Raleigh for a long time, that it ought to be kept up. Judge W. J. Clarke, and Mrs. Mary Bayard Clarke, and perhaps their son and others, make up a staff such as few papers in this state have in literary acquirements. We hope our Raleigh friends will give the *Signal* a lift, put it on its feet, for we shall need a good journal there during the coming canvass.

Col. John A. McDonald has a very fine picture of Secretary Sherman hanging up in his office in the Government Building. Mr. McDonald seems to think that Mr. Sherman will be nominated and elected.

POLITICAL.

One of those distinguished gentlemen who "lost their left lung while gloriously serving their country as a sutler and now wants a pension," writes a letter from Charlotte to the N. Y. *Times*, which he signs "A Colored Republican," and in which says:—"I regret to say that the colored politician is generally for sale. Either money or an office will buy him, and he will sell out his whole race if he can." This one-lunged liar is a white man, though he pretends to be "a colored" man, and if he wants his nose twisted he can wait until he encounters some colored Sherman man, who is also a "colored politician."

Col. Thos B. Keogh, who, having been intensely aggrieved at the violation of the civil service rules by the State Committee, in "cheating the people out of their rights" by themselves making the appointment of a U. S. office holder, as a delegate at large to Chicago; and who went around the country, telling every newspaper correspondent whom he could hunt up that the Republicans of North Carolina were so "indignant" at this outrage that they were getting up "indignation meetings,"—has now had himself appointed a delegate from the 5th Cong. District, by the committee of that District, neglecting to call a convention and thereby "cheating the people." We hear that there is to be an indignation meeting in Squodunkville, to denounce Keogh.

It is now said that early in the winter Senators Cameron, Conkling and Matt Carpenter entered into a contract to carry their respective states, Pennsylvania, New York and Wisconsin for Grant. The delegates for Harrisburg, chosen by county committees, were packed hastily for Grant, and yet in a vote of 246 Grant got only 20 majority. In New York the delegates to the Utica convention were hastily elected, the power of the state patronage brought to bear, and Conkling appealed to them with his magic eloquence. Yet the vote stood, out of 410, only 30 majority for Grant. In Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana, the state conventions were put off till the latter part of May, and that part of the Grant syndicate also failed. The cooked up, cut and dried Third Term boom was knocked in the head, and is languishing now on a couch of debilitation and disease.

The Atlanta *Constitution* (dyed-in-the-spool Bourbon) thus furnishes what may be put in the pipe of the average Grant man and smoked:

The surest hope of the Democrats consist in the nomination of Grant; for against him and his record, any Democrat can win, aided of course by the unwritten law of the Republic. But there is a great and growing danger that the machine politicians who are working up the Grant business with a view to power and perquisites, will discover that there is no chance to win what they are after under Grant, and that they will therefore throw him overboard. The preliminary Republican campaign of 1876 is about, we fear, to repeat itself.

The "Mud-Cut Circular" is said to have been the Best move on the railroad chess-board.

WILMINGTON MARKETS,

March 6.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 43 cents per gallon for regular packages, with an upward tendency. Sales later of 120 casks at 43½ cents, closing with 43½ bid and refused.

ROSIN.—The market was steady at $1 17½ for Strained and $1 22½ for Good Strained, without reported transactions.

TAR.—The market was steady at $1 15 per bbl, of 280 lbs, at which the receipts were placed.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady at $1 55@$2 55 for Hard and Yellow Dip, with sales as offered.

COTTON.—The market was firm at an advance on yesterday's quotations, but without reported sales. Futures for March opened in New York at 13.20 and closed at 13.32. The following were the official quotations here:

Ordinary,	10⅞ cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11 11-16 "	"
S. Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling	12⅛ "	"
Middling	12⅝ "	"
Good Middling	12⅞ "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	63 bales
Spirits Turpentine	168 casks
Rosin,	1,460 bbls
Tar,	193 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	93 bbls

March 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was steady at 43½ cents per gallon for regular packages, with sales reported of 53 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 17½ for Strained and $1 22½ for Good Strained, without reported sales.

TAR.—The market was steady at $1 15 per bbl, of 280 lbs., at which the receipts were placed.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady at $1 55@$2 55 for hard and Yellow Dip, with sales as offered.

COTTON.—The market opened firm at an advance on Saturday's quotations, with sales reported of 40 bales on a basis of 12⅞ cents per lb. for middling, closing dull. Futures for March opened in New York at 13.45 and closed at 13.26. The following were the official quotations here:

Ordinary,	11 cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11 13 16 "	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	— "	"
Low Middling,	12⅞ "	"
Middling,	12¾ "	"
Good Middling,	13 "	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	39 bales
Spirits Turpentine	147 casks
Rosin,	1,302 bbls
Tar,	235 bbls
Crude Turpentine	25 bbls

March 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market opened firm at 44 cents per gallon for regular packages. Sales reported later of 170 casks at 45 cents and 175 do. at 46 cents, closing steady.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 17½ for Strained and $1 22½ for Good Strained, with sales reported later of 500 bbls Strained at $1 17½ per bbl.

TAR—The market was steady at $1 15 per bbl of 280 lbs, at which the receipts were placed.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady at $1 55@2 55 for Hard and Yellow Dip, with sales as offered.

COTTON—The market was firm, with sales reported of 450 bales on a basis of 12¾ cents per lb for Middling. The following were the official quotations here:

Ordinary,	11	cts ₱ lb.
Good Ordinary,	11 13 16	" " "
Strict G. Ordinary	—	" " "
Low Middling,	12⅞	" " "
Middling	12¾	" " "
Good Middling,	13	" " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	174 bales.
Spirits Turpentine,	82 casks.
Rosin,	1,943 bbls.
Tar,	771 "
Crude turpentine,	316 "

March 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 46 cents per gallon for regular packages. Ssales reported later of 60 casks at 46 cents, and small sales, later still, at 47 cents, closing steady at the latter figure.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 17½ for Strained and $1 22½ for Good Strained, without reported sales.

TAR.—The market was steady at $1 15 per bbl., of 280 lbs, at which the receipts were placed.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was steady at $1 55 for Hard and $2 55 for Yellow Dip, with sales as offered.

COTTON.—The market was quiet, with small sales on a basis of 12⅞ cents per lb. for Middling. Futures for March opened in New York at 13.25 and closed at 13,15. The following were the official quotations here:

Ordinary,	11	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	11 13 16	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling,	12⅞	" "
Middling,	12¾	" "
Good Middling,	13	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	16 bales
Spirits turpentine	38 casks
Rosin	694 bbls
Tar,	54 bbls
Crude turpentine	190 bbls

March 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 47 cts per gallon, for regular packages, with sales reported of 175 casks at 49 cents, closing firm.

ROSIN—The market was nominal at $1 17½ for Strained and $1 22½ for Good Strained, without reported sales.

TAR—Market for this article was steady at $1 15 per bbl, of 280 lbs., at which the receipts were placed.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady at $1 55@$2 55 for Hard and for Yellow Dip, with sales as offered.

COTTON.—The market was quiet, and nominal on a basis of 12¾ cents per lb. for Middling. Futures for March opened in New York at 13.16 and closed at 13.16. The following were the official quotations here:

Ordinary,	11	cents ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11 13-16	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling,	12⅞	" "
Middling,	12¾	" "
Good Middling.	13	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	14 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	127 casks
Rosin,	1,544 bbls
Tar,	433 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	88 bbls

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JEWELRY

$75.00 worth for $15.00

—) AND A (—

Solid Abysinian Gold Watch

FREE!

The above offer is genuine, although at first sight you would consider it impossible. We will explain: Since we first established our business here, March 1st, 1878, we have paid particular attention to the buying of Bankrupt and Auction lots of Jewelry and Watches, often buying at as low as one-tenth their value, and in no instance have we paid over one-sixth the manufacturers' price. Since starting we have always been able to dispose of these goods in Chicago and through our regular customers throughout the country at nearly regular prices, as fast as we could procure them, but owing to the large number of failures among the heaviest dealers and manufacturers throughout this and other countries during the months of June, July and August (the time when the Jewelry business is stagnant), we have now on hand an immense stock of the most desirable goods we have ever handled, and which we have bought at lower prices than ever before. In order to dispose of this entire stock in the most speedy manner possible, and make room for new ones which we shall continue to buy, we have hit upon the following novel plan:

We propose to give you a list of the most desirable of these goods, giving opposite each article its regular retail value, and sell to you at the rate of Five Dollars' worth for $1.00. For instance, on receipt of 50 cts. we will send you, POSTPAID, any article to the value of $2.50; on receipt of $1.00 articles to the value of $5.00, and so on throughout the entire list. Below we give a list of the most valuable of these goods.

LIST OF JEWELRY AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

	EACH.
Gent's New Style Scarf Rings or Pins	85c.
" Sleeve Buttons, Engraved or Stone Setting	85c.
" Bosom Studs, Engraved or Stone Setting	85c.
" Round or Long Link Vest Chain and Charm	85c.
" or Ladies' Plain, Band, Fancy Stone or Cameo Rings	85c.
Ladies' Long or Round Fancy Bosom Pins	85c.
" Stone or Engraved Ear-Drops to match	85c.
" Engraved and Fancy Cuff Pins	85c.
Any Three of the above articles will be sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of 50 cts.	
Ladies' Broad Band Bracelets, Engraved	$1.00
" First-Class Scale Rings, Double Heart, Shield, etc	1.00
" or Gent's Brilliant Diamond-Set Rings	1.00
" Long Fancy Shawl or Bosom Pin	1.00
" Fancy Extension Ear-Drops to match	1.00
Gent's Onyx, Amethyst or Topaz Sleeve Buttons	1.00
" Onyx, Amethyst or Topaz Shirt Studs (3)	1.00
" Cameo and other Stone Rings large	1.00
" Heavy Link Vest Chain and Charm	1 00
" Extra Fine Scarf Rings or Pins	1.00
Any Five of the above articles will be mailed free to any address on receipt of $1.00,	
Gent's Long New Style Vest Chain and Charm	$1.45
" Scarf Rings and Pins, New Styles and Extra Fine	1.45
" Heavy Set Stone and Fancy Studs	1.45
" or Ladies' Cameo, Amethyst and Onyx Sleeve Buttons	1.45
" or Ladies' Cameo, Amethyst and other Stone Rings	1.45
Ladies' Long and very Fancy Cuff Pins,	1.45
" Extra Finished Onyx, Amethyst and Engraved Pins	1.45
" Extra Finished Onyx, Amethyst and Engraved Ear-Drops	
" Long Opera or Guard Chains	1.
" Fancy Neck Chain and Charm	1.
Any Six of the above articles will be mailed free on receipt of $2.00	
Gent's Solitaire or Cluster Australian Diamond Pins	$1.90
" Single Stone Australian Diamond Studs (3)	1.90
" Heavy Large Solitaire Australian Diamond Single Stud	1.90
" Fine Finished Long Link Vest Chain and Charm	1.9
" Very Nobby and Latest Style Scarf Rings and Pins	1.90
" or Ladies' Cameo, Onyx and Amethyst Sleeve Buttons	1.90
Ladies' Etruscan Necklaces, very heavy,	1.90
" Long Opera and Guard Chains, very heavy	1.90
" Australian Diamond and other Fancy Pins and Ear-Drops	1.90
" Stone-set and other Fancy Cuff Pins	1.90
" Heavy Engraved Locket for Miniatures	1.90
" Chased Bracelets, Broad, extra heavy	1 90
Any Eight of the above articles you may select will be mailed to you free on receipt of $3 00.	
Ladies' Fancy Neck Chain and Medallion Charm, in Fancy Lined Jewel Casket	$2.50
" Long Opera Chain, with or without Slide and Tassel	2.50
" Heavy Large Miniature Medallion Locket	2.50
" Heavy Jet and Gold Bracelets	2.50
" Cameo Medallion Pin and Ear-Drops	2.50
" or Gent's Massive Wedding Ring Plain or Band	2.50
" or Gent's Extra Large Cameo, Amethyst or Onyx Rings	2.50
" Long Shawl or Breast Pin, finest quality	2.50
" Long Fancy Cuff Pins, finest quality	2.50
" or Gent's Cameo, Amethyst or Onyx Sleeve Buttons	2.50
Gent's heavy Long Link Massive Vest Chain	2.50
" Cluster or Solitaire Central American Diamond Pins	2.50
" Stone and Fancy Leaf Scarf Pins and Rings	.50
" Stone and Fancy Pattern Studs	3. 2.50
" Massive Solitaire Stud	2.50
Any Ten of the above articles will be sent by mail free on receipt of $5.00	

All of this Jewelry is of a good quality, but, of course, the quality depends greatly on the price; for instance, the $2.50 articles are of a much finer quality and finish, besides being heavier, than the 85c. ones.

TO AGENTS,

For the benefit of parties wishing to act as Agents for the above goods, we make the following special offer:

On receipt of a $15.00 order for our Jewelry, as per above offer, we will send the goods ordered, and make the party getting up the club a present of any one of the following Watches:

1 Pure Abyssinian Gold Hunting-Case Geneva Watch.
1 Pure Abyssinian Gold Open Face Geneva Watch, Stem-Winder.
1 Pure Abyssinian Gold Stem-Winding Watch, Illuminated Dial, by which you can tell the time in the darkest night.
1 Pure Abyssinian Silver Hunting-Case Geneva Watch.

Any of these Four Watches will be sent alone for $6.50, or the Watch and either a Gent's Heavy Abyssinian Gold Vest Chain and Charm, or a Ladies' Solid Abyssinian Gold Long Opera or Opera Guard Chain, for $8.00.

Agents who cannot send the full $15 00 at once can send small orders as they procure them, and when said orders shall have amounted to $20.00 we will send the Watch FREE OF FURTHER CHARGE.

Read What the Chicago Press Say of Us, And Send In Your Orders.

The Sentinel, of Chicago, Sept. 8, says: "We call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of the Inventors' Agency, No. 116 E. Washington Street, Chicago. What the Inventors' Agency agrees to do, they will do. The Sentinel has advertised for the concern since its first publication, and we have yet to hear of the first complaint against it."

The Chicago Express, Sept. 3d, says: "The attention of readers is called to the advertisement of 'The Inventors' Agency,' office and rooms located at 116 Washington Street, Chicago. From personal inquiry and on the recommendation of the city press, we think our friends can do no better when wanting goods in that line. Give them a trial."

The American Stockman, Sept. 11th, says: "We believe this institution perfectly sound and responsible, and consequently persons need have no hesitation about sending for what they desire."

As to our responsibility we also refer you to the following firms: Blomgren Bros., 162 & 164 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.; Miller, Wagner & Umbdenstock, 119 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

Before Ordering, Read the following:

All sums of money to the amount of $1.00 or over, should be sent by Registered Letter Money Order or Draft on New York or Chicago. We will hold ourselves personally responsible for any money sent as above directed. All orders under $10.00 strictly cash. On orders of $10.00 or over, $5 00 must accompany the order, and balance when desired, will be collected on delivery, but no goods will be sent C. O. D to a greater distance than ten miles. Any money received for these goods after the stock is exhausted will be immediately returned. Postage stamps will be taken the same as cash in any amount less than $1.00.

If on receipt of goods you are not perfectly satisfied, return them immediately in good order, and we will refund your money.

Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Jewelry, Notions, Novelties and New Inventions sent free on application.

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THE INVENTORS' AGENCY,—

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oct 19—6m

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IT HAVING BEEN BROUGHT TO OUR attention that imitations of our article are being sold in this market, notice is hereby given to all may concer vending of any article, with any one of trade marks above described, will be prosecuted under a recent act of the U. S Congress.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SONS & CO.,

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nov 16—1y.

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BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS.

IT IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY THAT NEVER FAILS.

Over 2000 Druggists have signed a paper stating that Physicians say they are in every way Superior to the ordinary slow acting Porous Plasters used for this purpose. Price 25 cents.

SEABURY & JOHNSON, Pharmaceutical Chemists, New York. feb 29-4w

PIANOS Stool, Cover and Book only $143 to $255 ORGANS 13 stops, 3 set Reeds, 2 Knee Swells, Stool, Book, only $98 Holiday Newspaper Free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. feb 29 4t

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We want an Agent in this County to whom we will pay a salary of $100 per month and expenses to sell our wonderful invention. Sample free. Address at once SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Michigan. feb 29 4t

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